

## THE NEW WAR COLLEGE

Construction of Many Buildings in Arsenal Grounds.

AFTER PLANS BY McKIM

OFFICERS' QUARTERS TO BE MOD-ERN IN EVERY RESPECT.

General Scheme Harmonious - Brick With Limestone Trimmings-Spacious Drill Grounds.

The conception of a great military college at Washington barracks to provide the most advanced instruction for the coming officers of the army is being rapidly evolved in structures of brick and stone. The entire reservation is at present in an apparently chaotic state, owing to the numerous buildings that are being erected and the clearing of sites for others. According to the plans for the establishment of the War College and Engineer School of Application at this post, together with proper accommodations for officers and troops to be stationed there, about fifty buildings will be erected within the next year or so. About forty of these are now under way or about to be started

ne idea of having at this post one of the greatest military institutions of learning in the country, or in the world, was cherished and developed in the minds of the greater men in the army and War De partment during many years. In 198 crystallized and a board was appointed by Secretary Reot to formulate plans for the establishment of the War College and Engineer School. The Secretary also inaugurated in that year the actual work of preparing the post for the occupation of these establishments. The board appointed by Mr. Boot expected of Mr. I. by Mr. Root consisted of Maj. J. L. Maj. Frederick V. Abbott and Capt. Mason. It formulated tentative plans for the loca-tion of the several groups of buildings and submitted estimates of their probable cost. The general scheme proposed by the board has been largely followed in the final development of the plans for the arrangement of the various edifices to be built on the

## Around a Quadrangle. This scheme provided for the distribution

of the many buildings around an immense quadrangle drill ground. The park will be crossed by a driveway

running east and west. On either side of the reservation near the boundary this road will lead into two roadways running north and south the entire length of the reservation. The War College will be located at the southern end of the drill ground. South of this there will be a small park with nu-merous walks and flower beds. At either end of the War College the quarters for the located, there being four buildings in each group. It is proposed to furnish the students at the War College commutation of quarters and allow them to obtain lodgoutside the reservation, so that buildings as yet have been provided for

The northern portion of the drill ground will be bordered on three sides by the nu-merous buildings connected with the En-gineer School of Application and for the accommodation of the troops stationed at facing east, are the quarters for commis-sioned officers and their mess hall, a group of sixteen buildings, now almost completed

ROCKVILLE AND VICINITY.

Happenings in the Montgomery

County Metropolis.

ROCKVILLE, Md., July 12, 1904.

ficers, a total of ten buildings, in the cen-ter of which will be the Engineer School building. Across the north end of the field stretch two immense barracks, fronting south. Each building will accommodate two of the four companies of engineers to be stationed at the post. One of these is now ready to be roofed. Between these buildings there is a roadway leading direct from the entrance to the stationary of the entrance to the reservation, which has been moved about forty feet to the east of the old gates so as to be in the exact center of the north boundary. The old gates have been closed and locked and for the present there is a temporary wooden gate-way at the new entrance. Ultimately an entrynce in keeping with the general plan of the improvement will be erected. The roadway from the entrance will branch to right and left across the north end of the drill field, and from this four driveways will branch off to the south, two of which will run the entire length of the reserva-tion, within a few feet of the east and west boundaries. The other two pass on either side of the north drill field inside the lines quarters, and strike the bisecting road at the middle of the reservation.

Mess Halls and Barracks.

Back of the two new barracks are two mess halls for the enlisted men. They have been entirely completed and are now being used temporarily as barracks. Just north of these two large store houses are in course of construction. All of these three classes of buildings are counterparts and one of each is situated on either side of the entrance roadway. In the northeast corner of the grounds a modern stable has been built to accommodate the many horses that will be required by the new es-tablishment. Twenty-five men in each company of engineers will be mounted, and horses for those at this post are expected to arrive within the next few months. The barracks for the band is nearly completed to the east of and on a line with the two large barracks.

The most pretentious of the buildings contemplated in the reconstruction of the post will be that for the accommodation of the War College. With the exception tire group will be ready for occupancy by of grading the terrace approach, work on the end of October next. this building has been suspended for several weeks in order that the estimates of the cost of its construction might be verifled by comparison with rates and prices submitted by various manufacturers and contractors. This was rendered necessary sion, which made a supplementary approwork. The amount first appropriated was the scale contemplated by the plans which already had been approved by the Secretary of War. This amount was about \$400,000, in charge of the execution of the plans. Congress was induced, at the last session, to provide an additional \$300,000, but did so with the proviso that no further appro-priation should be made for this purpose. portionment of the sum to the various details of the plan, the work was halted and the correctness of the estimates assured. It will be only a short while before work is continued, bids for the limestone to be used in the next portion of the construc-tion having been opened July 9.

The plans and drawings by which the engineers are patterning their work were prepared by Architect McKim, a member of the Senate park commission, who designed the improvements at the White House. The entire collection of buildings will be of harmonious construction and style of architecture, being of brick with limestone trimmings, and all, even officers'

quarters, fireproof throughout.

The War College will be about 300 by 100 feet with a bay window on the south side thirty-seven feet in diameter. It will be | James Creek canal-will be removed within two stories high above a basement. In front will be a terrace of limestone with graceful balustrade, about 500 feet long, from which steps extending its entire length will lead down to the lawn, stretching away in a broad field bordered with shade trees. A concrete walk will lead up to the steps at either end of the terrace, and a driveway A concrete wath at either end of the terrace, and a driveway will pass around the end and behind the terrace, leading under the building. At intervals the long reach of steps to the post into the canal at present, but upon the completion of the New Jersey avenue plant connection will be made with the mains of the municipal

## News From Falls Church.

At a meeting of the board of supervisors of elections for this county, held here today, the officers of registration appointed at the last meeting of the board were put through the examination required by law and were given their commissions. The board appointed the following to serve in the places of those previously named, but | tendance except Councilman Wells. Counwho declined to serve: Rockville district-First precinct, David J. Bready, democrat, vice William T. Grif- for the year were \$1,936.76, that the sum

Olney district-First precinct, Joseph T Moore, jr., republican, vice Frank M. Hal-

lowell; second precinct, Walter Dorsey, republican, vice William W. Harvey.

A license was issued here this morning
for the marriage of Mr. Walter Thomas
Magruder and Miss Carrie Willis Case, both of Wheaton district, this county.

Miss Barry Abert of this place has gone

pects to be away several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Walker of Washingor are spending the summer at this place. Mrs. H. R. Reynolds and children of New York are visiting Mrs. Reynolds' mother Mrs. Rose Williams, at this place. At the regular weekly meeting of the county commissioners, held here today

to the Plains, Va., to visit friends. She ex

bills to the amount of about \$2,000 were passed and ordered paid. They represent-ed work on roads, bridges, care of insane,

The contract for the construction of the new high school building at Rockville, which yesterday was awarded to Mr. Charles H. Viett of this place, was for-mally closed today. Mr. Viett agrees to do the work and curnish all material for \$20,300. His original bid was \$23,921, but the amount was more than it was thought advisable to expend and the plans were modified so as to reduce the cost to the figure stated. The size and general plan of the building as represented by the original specifications were not changed.

William T. Mobley died yesterday at his home at Kengar, four miles east of here, aged twenty-eight years. An affection of the plans were modified so as to reduce the cost to the figure stated. The size and general plan of the building as represented by the original specifications were not changed.

William T. Mobley died yesterday at his of \$225,000. The heaviest losers are: Mahome at Kengar, four miles east of here, aged twenty-eight years. An affection of Beck planing mills, \$10,000.

a sufferer, was the cause of death. His wife and one child survive him. The funeral will take place tomorrow, the in-

## Special Correspondence of The Evening Star.

FALLS CHURCH, Va., July 12, 1904. The town council held a meeting last night for the purpose of closing up the financial affairs of the town for the fiscal year ending June 30. Mayor C. C. Walters presided and all the members were in atcilman Ellison submitted the financial report, which shows the total cash receipts of \$1,001.27 was expended for the general | expenses of the town, not including cost of team purchased, and \$536.61 for repairs of team purchased, and \$536.61 for repairs of streets and sidewalks. The balance on hand is \$398.88, and amount of uncollected taxes, \$208.50. The receipts for fines by on dogs, \$92.50. The rate of tax on the \$100 for the ensuing year was fixed at 30 cents for town expenses and 30 cents for

## Funeral of W. B. Mobley.

the town school board for three years.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. KENSINGTON, Md., July 13, 1904. The remains of William B. Mobley, who died at his home in Ken-Gar, a subdivision adjoining this town, Monday, at 8 p.m., of quick consumption, after an illness of several months, will be conveyed today to Germantown, Md., his former home, for interment. Mr. Mobley's occupation was well digging, and he was twenty-eight years of age. A widow and one child sur-

# HAPPENINGS AT BOYD'S.

upon which to erect bronze figures or

statues. Upon one of these the bronze statue of Frederick the Great, presented to

this country by Emperor William, will be erected and unveiled.

The Engineer School of Application will be somewhat longer than the War College, but not so wide. It will be about 425 feet by 60 feet, two stories in height, above

a basement. There will be wings at each end, and in the center extending in front and rear about fifteen feet. The two barracks are each about 250 by 50 feet, two

stories and basement.

The two mess halls for enlisted men are

about 75 feet by 100, having a basement floor and one upper story. They have two wings, in each of which one company will take its mess. The construction of the

east barracks building will be greatly de-

layed because the post hospital now occu-

pies a portion of the site, and Congress has

The quarters for commissioned officers

form a row of most pleasing dwellings. They are in the American colonial style, two stories high with cellar and attic. The two main floors of each have nine rooms,

besides which there is a kitchen, pantry and store rooms in the cellar and servants'

quarters in the attic. The floors are cov-

ered with cement, and the partitions are of

expanded metal and cement. In the drawing and dining rooms there are open fire-places. The construction is of dark brick,

with black bricks at irregular intervals,

tico of six white pillars reaching the height

of the building, and around the portico will

be placed an iron railing about four feet high. In the rear of the buildings facing

the river porches have been constructed in-closed with ornamental lattice work. The

officers' mess hall, which is situated at the southern end of the row of quarters, is built

in the same style. It is about 40 feet by 75 feet, two stories high, but the main en-

the case of the other buildings in the group.

A large wharf is being built on the river

front near the north end of the reservation, at which the boats and vessels attached to

the post will be kept, and where landings may be made by ships bringing material or

No Contractors Employed.

This entire undertaking is being accom-

plished under the direct supervision and

control of government engineers, and with-

out the intermediation of contractors. Ail

the men engaged upon the work are hired

directly by the government and are paid

by the day. All material is bought directly,

government employ. Capt. John S. Sewell, Corps of Engineers,

is the officer in charge of the entire work, including the erection of the War College,

the Engineer School and the secondary

Mark Wilmarth, a civil engineer, and Lieu.

tenant Edward M. Markham of the Engi-

neer Corps. The former assumes direct charge of the work on the War College, and

the latter devoted his attention to the con-

struction of the buildings of the Engineer

The work has involved the removal of a

ginning in 1803, when a supply depot was established on this peninsula, have been erected from time to time in a haphazard

way, without regard for the present uses of the post. The sea wall had to be built en-tirely around the reservation, and during the past two years about seven acres have

been added to the extent of the reservation

in the reclamation of submerged areas, making the total area about eighty acres. One of the most objectionable features of this location—the close proximity of the

the next year, when, by the completion of

sewage of the city will be carried by covered mains far down the river, and the

present unsightly ditch may be filled in. A

small sewage pumping plant has been con-

large number of old buildings which, be

and its utilization superintended by men in

passengers to the station.

and limestone trimmings. In front is a por-

made no provision for its removal or re-

placement

Death of John Hibbs-Improvements by the Telephone Co. Under Way.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. BOYD'S, Md., July 12, 1904. Mr. John Hibbs of Plains, Va., brother of B. F. Hibbs of Germantown, died suddenly near Boyd's yesterday morning. The past few weeks John had been visiting his brother at Germantown, and Saturday evening left for home, apparently well. Late yesterday evening Mr. B. F Hibbs received a telegram from Plains announcing the death of his brother. Mr. John Hibbs was about fifty-eight years old and unmarried. His brother left for Virginia

this morning. Mr. John T. Carlin of Slidell, this county, two miles from Boyd's, was paralyzed Sunday while sitting in his chair at home. He was attacked on the right side. He is able to sit up, but his advanced years may make his case serious. A number of years ago he was tax collector of this county.

The Boyd's Telephone Company's system, now owned by the United Telegraph and Telephone Company, is being renewed in many places and the system put in better

Alex. Stang of this place has been appointed assistant agent for the Baltimor and Ohio railroad at Germantown. The remains of young Ira Wyand, who took his life in Roxbury, Mass., arrived at his former home, at Eakles Mills, yesterday morning and were interred near

A heavy storm visited Dawsonville and

that vicinity yesterday and washed fields and roads badly. William H. Gunnell, a well-known confederate veteran of Seneca, this county, is very ill there and his death is expected.

Mrs. J. W. Williams and daughter Loraine returned from Washington Junction last evening, where they had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. James B. Williams.

Americans at Manila Stay Away From Church.

IN ARMY AND NAVY

CONTRAST WITH PRACTICE OF BRITISH OFFICERS.

Dr. Stuntz, Presider Elder, Tells About the Work and Aims of the Methodists.

By WILLIAM E. CURTIS. Special Correspondence of The Evening Star ( Chicago Record-Herald.

MANILA, June 11, 1904. Clergymen of all denominations, Protestant and Catholic, complain that the American population of Manila do not go to church, and that they neglect other religious duties which they are accustomed to observe at home.

That is often the case in foreign countries. Obligations lie lighter upon the conscience and habits are relaxed. It is undoubtedly true that our people here in many other respects are not as careful in observing the injunctions of pious parents and obeying the commandments as they ought to be. Men who are regular church goers at home, when separated from their families often feel relieved from the duty of setting examples to their children, sleep late on Sunday mornings and go to the club to gossip and read the newspapers instead of attending divine service. Consequently the club is filled and the pews are vacant. Army officers, the ministers say, are par-ticularly indifferent, and few of them are ever seen at church, which is in striking contrast with the habits of the British in India, Egypt, Burma, Singapore and every other colony where the established church

Contrast With the English.

British officers consider it a matter of duty as well as of privilege to attend, and, out of respect to the church, always wear full dress uniforms at the morning service. At evening service they are not so regular, but many of them attend and wear fatigue dress. The same is true upon the ships of the English navy and merchant marine. Our naval officers never think of holding service on board a battle ship or a gunboat unless the chaplain is present; but the British never fail to do so, and in the ab-sence of a chaplain the admiral or captain or executive officer reads the lessons for

the day.
On merchant ships it is the same. Divine worship for the benefit of the crew is en-joined by the board of trade, and the regulations are obeyed in a conscientious manner by most ship masters. Precisely at the hour appointed the officers and members hour appointed the officers and members of the crew and stewards, so far as they can be spared from their posts, assemble in the dining salon, where the captain, or, if he is on the bridge, the purser, opens a big Bible and a prayer book upon a miniature pulpit draped with the English flag, and reads the morning prayers and the lessons for the day. You seldom see this upon an American ship or those of any other naan American ship or those of any other na-

There are chaplains for all the regiments in the Philippines, but fommissioned efficers are beyond their spiritual jurisdiction. Their work is limited to the enlisted men. Their work is limited to the enlisted men.

The Manila elergymen complain of the indifference of their fellow-countrymen to religion, because of its effect upon the Filipinos, who are very impressionable and so much influenced by example. No doubt our people over here pight set the natives a better pattern than they do in morals and ethics and other things, and particularly in criticising the government, which is the worst fault of the American colony in Manila.

## Work of the Methodists.

I dropped into the Methodist conference accidentally the other day, and was surprised to see the number of earnest and intelligent native pastors and local preachers and Bible readers who were gathered there. making their reports, discussing the situation in their various districts, and receiving instruction, admonition and advice from the presiding elder, Dr. Homer C. Stuntz. Dr. Stuntz comes from Mount Ver on, Iowa, and has the benefit of seven years' experience as a missionary in India He is a man of great physical and mental strength and energy, and is responsible for the aggressive policy of the Methodist

Church here. "Our staff of American workers how numbers twenty," said Dr. Stuntz in answer to my questions. "Eleven of these are ordained ministers, one is a deaconess and sionaries, who are as much a part of the working staff as their husbands. One Chinese minister has been transferred from into membership at the annual conference exhorters and local preachers.

Dr. Stuntz believes that the church in the Philippines should be self-supporting as well as self-progagating, and only sever of the native preachers are paid from missionary funds. Whatever compensation the others get comes from the contributions of their congregations. The preachers work at their trade during the day and preach nights and Sundays. The results, which I gave you in a letter the other day, are that at the latest round-up 4,910 member were reported.

"At the last conference Rev. Paul H. C. Clong was transferred from the Foochow conference and sent to Manila," said Dr. Stuntz. "Up to that time no attempt at Christian work for Chinese people had ever been made in the Philippine Islands, eithe by the Catholic or Protestant churches. There were a few Chinese Christians here who had come over from China, and they royally welcomed their new pastor. The chapel room at the sailors' home was secured for their services, and a small be-ginning was made. There has been steady progress, and success has crowned the faithful labors of Brother Clong and his colaborers. The church now numbers about fifty members, and the room is crowded

Forty Organized Congregations. "Definite work has been undertaken in about fifty places, with forty regularly organized congregations. The average weekly attendance is from 20,000 to 25,000. Our problem is not the mere seeking of numbers-that would be a comparatively easy could be enrolled-but rather we seek the establishing and the building up of inde-pendent, self-supporting congregations. We believe that, particularly in this mission field, we should alm very largely at self-support. In the opening up of new fields of course the native evangelists must be sup-ported by foreign money, but local congre-gations should and con easily support their gations should and can easily support their own pastors. Early in the year we saw that this could scarcely be secured as yet, so we set ourselves about securing and train-ing native exhorters and local preachers, ing native exhorters and loc with the result that we now have from one to five in each congregation. These share the responsibility for their religious services and we go among them as frequently as possible. This original plan of Methodism makes it possible for us to push the work from these fifty centers, with but four American and five Filipinos paid workers. We have twenty-two chapel buildings, with a seating capacity of from 150 to 1,000 each. "The native members build their own chapels, with but little help from the church with the result that we now have from one

chapels, with but little help from the church extension funds. They maintain all their own social meetings, and meet all expenses connected with lighting, seating and care for the places of worship. Nearly all our converts are from the working classes, or from the classes who have felt the ruinous effects of the represent keeply, and it is but effects of the war most keenly, and it is but little that they do yet toward supporting

Some Native Churches.

"At Malibay, a pueblo or city of 10,00 people, near Manila, exhorters belonging to that local congregation have maintained the regular Sunday service and week-night services for more than a year with only occasional help from Manila. I attended there

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# Every Item a Drawing Card In Tomorrow's Closing Out Of the Small Lots.

Linen-finished Suitings...... Lot of yard-wide White Linen-finish Suitings for suits and walsts; actual 29c. value.

Imported Linen Tweeds......

Linen Scotch Tweed Suitings; gray, tan, blue and Oxford effects; 75c. value; will not last all day.

Lot of Men's Madras Shirts.....

Otis Balbriggan Underwear.....

Lot of the famous Otis make Balbriggan Underwear for Men; to be closed out to-

Men's 50c. Night Shirts.....

Lot of the well-known "Faultless" make Night Shirts that sell regularly at 50c.; go-

Men's Leather Belts.....

Large lot of Men's Leather Belts; black, fawn and tan; all widths; some sold high as

Fine Sample Waistings.....Lot of 80 samples of fine White Mercerized Figured Waistings; 3-yd. and 3%-yd. lengths; 50c. and 50c. values, 25c.

Girls' \$1 Dresses....

Girls' Russian Dresses of fast color material with trimmings of white P. K. bands;

Women's \$1.50 Waists.....

Unlimited choice from all the Waists that sell high as \$1.50; dotted Swisses, Indian

linons, madras, etc.; pretty and attractive designs; any waist you may fancy, at 98c.

Children's White Dresses.....

Children's White Dresses of fine nainsook with dainty edging; all sizes from 6 months to 3 years; never before offered under 50c.

Women's High and Low Shoes, broken sizes and discontinued lines; all high grades; values from \$2 to \$3.50; closing at \$1.39.

Women's Fine Shoes.....

Women's \$3.50 Oxfords..... Lot of Women's Light and Dark Tan Russia Oxfords; light and heavy soles;

shapely; worth \$3.50.

worth \$1; 4 to 14 years; for tomorrow, 59c.

ive styles and materials; white and colors; not a waist in the lot sold under \$1; tomorrow at 39c.

morrow at 29c. garment.

Lot of Men's good quality and serviceable Madras Neglige Shirts; light and dark; at 29c. for quick clearance.

Contract of the last	Lot of about 60 Women's Wash Skirts in neat, small, black and white checks; \$1.50 value.
Section of the second	\$5 Shirt Waist Suits
S	\$2 Shirt Waist Suits
and the second name of	\$4.98 Wash Skirts
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Boys' \$3 Suits
	Boys' \$5 Vestie Suits
1	Boys' Wash Suits
	Boys' Linen Knee Pants 12 /2C.
	sell under 25c., at 12½c. to close.  21c. Table Oilcloth.  Lot of Colored Table Oilcloth that sells at 21c. regularly; remnants; going to morrow at 7½c.  39c. Window Shades
	39c. Window Shades
	Lot of waterproof Suit Cases with full steel frame; sold readily at \$1.50; tomorrow's clearance price, 98c.
	75c. Hammocks
	Mennen's Talcum Powder  Lot of the quick-selling genuine Mennen's Talcum Powder; in tomorrow's clearance at 10c.
	spreader; very strong and serviceable; self usually at 75c.  Mennen's Talcum Powder  Lot of the quick-selling genuine Mennen's Talcum Powder; in tomorrow's clearance at 10c.  Embroideries and Insertings  Odd lot of fine Embroideries and Insertings; have always sold from 5c. to 12½c.; at 3c.  Shirt Waist Sets
	Shirt Waist Sets

Women's Wash Skirts..... 600

choice tomorrow, 5c 25c. Belt Buckles..... For tomorrow unrestricted choice from all the Belt Buckles selling at 25c.; many styles; at 15c. Lot of 69c. Pongee Silks......

Just 40 yards in this lot of fine Silk
Pongee in the most wanted champagne color; yard wide; 69c. value. 5oc. Scotch Tweeds......

Lot of 100 yards of Fine Wool Scotch
Tweed Dress Goods; 36 inches wide;

value, positively, 50c. not expected. The audience numbered about 500, and all went on as orderly and as reverently as the worship of any American congregation. The official board has met regularly, and all bills were paid with a balance to credit. The accounts were in model condition and the records of membership

of the persons to whom they belonged.

"At Hagonoy, in the province of Bulacan, a similar record has been made this past year, and the members there are now preparing for the erection of a chapel that will seat at least 500 people, and be an ornament to the city. They will need to raise at least \$500 toward it in addition to what as-sistance the Church Extension Society enables us to give them. At Mexico, in the province of Pampanga, we have the largest and best-organized membership outside of Manila. Two brothers who owned a large theater have given it to the church. It is a good building and is seated for 800 peo-I went there to hold a quarterly conple. I went there to hold a quarter, ference a few days ago, and found an audiference a few days ago, and found an After ence of at least 600 people assembled. After three of us had spoken and several had ex-pressed a desire to find Christ, we held a quarterly conference that did my heart good! All the official members were present. All were deeply interested. More than 300 of the audience remained, interested spectators of the work.

and baptisms up to date. They actually crossed off the names of members who

had died! I have found names upon church

## Division of the Field.

Dr. Stuntz is desirous of opening mission work in some of the southern islands which are either not fully worked by the denominations at present there or which are being held by one or another denomination that intends to have workers there soon, but as president of the executive committee of the Evangelical Union, and fairly in harmony with its principles, he will take no step toward that end now, and not until the expiration of the present contract, which expires this summer. Then uness the Congregationalists or Baptists or Presbyterians seem to be sufficiently well manned to care for all the people in their respective territories, he will probably insist upon a modification of the present sys-

"Theoretically the Islands are before us." matter. Within the next fortnight 15,000 continued Dr. Stuntz. "Practically two present to occupy them at all. First, we lack workers, and, second, it has seemed good to Bishop Warne and all the brethren here to enter into a compact in the Evangelical Union by which the entire field is delimited. Under this arrangement Methodism is given all of the Island of Luzon line running through Manila as far north as Dagupan, and from sea to sea, with our natural line of extension up the Cagayan valley conceded. That gives nearly 2,000,000 of the 10,000,000 of the population to work among. It gives us the most compact territory. It gives us the only railway line in the archipelago to use in reaching our work. It gives us the Tagareaching our work. It gives us the Taga-log, Pampanga and Locano people, three of the most progressive of the many tribes or races in the Philippines. It leaves us free to enter upon work in other islands than Luzon, as seems wise when the inter-ests of other missions are considered.

Policy of the Methodists. "Conditions determine our policy. We

aim at evangelistic work almost exclusively. The public schools opened by the American government are meeting the need for popular education and doing it so well that it would be a waste of mission funds that it would be a waste of mission funds and a needless reflection upon the effort of the government for us to enter into secondary school work, as we would most certainly do under different conditions. Nor are we anxious to provide educational institutions to any considerable degree at the present stage of the work. When we have such institutions we want them for our own constituency and not to benefit those who have little or no sympathy with us. When our people begin to clamor for special schools for their children we shall

feel that it is our duty to go into that line of work. Orphanages are a little different, and we hope to do a good work in that form at an early date. The war and its attendant rupture of domestic and social relations have left many children hope-lessly adrift, and in little better position than slaves in families too glad to get their

Hence the Methodists are going in for converts and are leaving educational and charitable work to the government and records in Iowa ten years after the death other denominations. There is plenty for them all to do. While 7,000,000 of the population of the archipelago are called Christians, that is only a term used to distin-guish them from Mohammedans and savin need of grace as any sinners in the world. The missionary representatives of the American churches in the Philippines are a high class of men, devoted to their work, possessed of ability and energy as well as piety, and their only weakness is their limited numbers and lack of funds.

### Anacostia and Vicinity: A colored man of middle age while trav-

eling along the Livingston road below Congress Heights yesterday afternoon was intercepted by two white men, who alleged that he was an escaped lunatic from the Government Hospital for the Insane. Despite his denials he was forced to accompany them to that institution. On reaching there he was carried to the main building for inspection, where he declared that his name was Benjamin Thomas and that he was not insane. The authorities of the hospital soon ascertained that Thomas was not an inmate and ordered John Hall, a well known colored resident

of this section for nearly forty years, died recently at the Washington Asylum Hospital. His funeral was held at the Bethlehem Baptist Church, on Nichols avenue, Hillsdale, Rev. Joseph H. Matthews, the pastor, officiating. The body was interred in Moore's cemetery.

Anacostia democrats have taken steps to

organize what is intended to be the first democratic club to be formed in the District for work in the approaching cam-paign. It is to be known as the Parker and Davis Democratic Club of the first district and will, according to the custom followed by Anacostia democrats in years past, have an active part in the campaign in the adjacent portions of Maryland. Headquarters are to be secured in Ana-Headquarters are to be secured in Anaccestia and a large democratic banner is to be swung to the public view. At this ceremony it is intended to have prominent local speakers officiate. A meeting has been called to arrange for this work.

A financial rally was held recently in the Macceloral Bantist Church on Sharidan. Macedonia Baptist Church, on Sheridan avenue, when the pastor, Rev. W. E. Por ter, called on the various clubs engaged in alding the church for reports. A sum total of \$147.67 was collected, which will be devoted to the benefit of the church. The same day Rev. Mr. Hill of the First Baptist Church of Georgetown delivered a special sermon.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Smith, col-

ored, wife of Clem Smith, a well known employe of St. Elizabeth's Asylum, and daughter of the late Jacob Moore, was held yesterday from Ebenezer Church, Wash-

ington.
Fireman Earl Ryon of the Congress Heights chemical company has returned from vacation in Maryland, bringing with him several pets, which have been added him several pets, which have been added to the firemen's menagerie. Mr. Ryon managed to secure a pair of young red foxes and a pair of coons. The foxes have been placed in the same quarters with several gray squirrels presented to the firemen by Mr. A. E. Randle, and the harmony of the inclosure has not been impaired in the least. The coons have been placed by themselves. The company also possesses a fine black-tailed deer, another gift from Mr. Randle.

The marriage of Mr. Edmond V. Stephenson, one of Anacostia's best known business men, and Mrs. Annie E. Samuels took place Monday morning at St. Teresa's

Women's \$2.50 Oxfords......

Lot of Women's Brown and Black Kid
Button Oxfords; patent leather tips;
welted soles; Cuban heels; actually worth \$2.50; tomorrow at \$1.93;

Anacostia. Rev. Charles M. Bart, the pastor, performed the ceremony. Following the service Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson left on an extended wedding trip. They will reside at No. 11 Monroe street.

Mr. Thomas J. Moore, one of the alternates to the St. Louis national conventions. nates to the St. Louis national convention, has reached his home in Anacostia. Mr. Moore was the member of the local delegation named as honorary vice president of the convention

District workmen yesterday began the resurfacing of Sheridan avenue, Hillsdale The improvements recently begun by Mr. J. W. Garrison on his business premises, Nichols avenue above Franklin street, are being pushed rapidly. Mr. Garrison in making his improvements, removed the old frame transfer station used by street car

patrons, but he has provided a new station adjacent to the site of the former one. Mr. Edward T. Davis of the Government Hospital for the Insane is on annual leave of absence, which he is spending at his home on Fillmore street, Anacostia. A sacred concert under the auspices of St. Mary's Church, at Marlboro', Prince George's county, Md., in which members of the choirs of St. Peter's Church of this city and of St. Teresa's Church at Anacos-

tia participated, was given last Sunday and proved very successful. Rev. Francis Schwallenburg, the pastor of St. Mary's, was formerly assistant pastor at Anacos-

## In Honor of Hamilton. A dispatch from New York last night

says: Alexander Hamilton, "the father of the Constitution," who died on July 12, 1804, from a wound received in a duel with Aaron Burr, was honored by exercises at several places in the city yesterday, the centenary of his death. Most impressive of all was an impromptu memorial service held at his grave in the churchyard of old Trinity Church. The request had been made by the centennial committee which had charge of exercises held at Hamilton's old home, the Grange, that exercises be held at the tomb. At noon, owing to a misunderstanding, no reply was received from the church authorities. Several persons went to the churchyard, among them Nathaniel Pendleton Rogers, a great-grandson of Nathaniel Pendleton, who was Hamilton's second in the duel, and R. S. Aleshire of West Virginia, a great-great-grandson of Hamilton. They were standing at the grave when three or four other persons approached. Among them was Al-bert H. Walker, a well-known patent lawyer, who is an admirer of Alexander Hamilton. Mr. Walker, on learning that no exercises would be held, asked permission of the sexton to conduct a memorial service Several hundred persons also attended a memorial meeting held in the afternoon on Washington Heights, at 142d street. A platform had been built around the thirteen trees near the Grange, where Hamilton lived. The trees were planted by Hamfilton himself as a memorial to the thir Forty members of the Alexander Hamil-

ton Post, G. A. R.; the band of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum and 300 children from the asylum took part in the exercises. There were 1,000 persons present

Summer Resort Hotel Burned. A dispatch from Mount Holly, N. J., last night says: The Berkeley Arms Hotel at

Berkeley, near Seaside Park, N. J., was destroyed by fire today. It was formerly operated by George C. Boldt of New York, Loss, \$75,000. Charles McLean, mayor of Mobile, Ala

THE SATURDAY STAR. By Mail \$1.00 per Year.